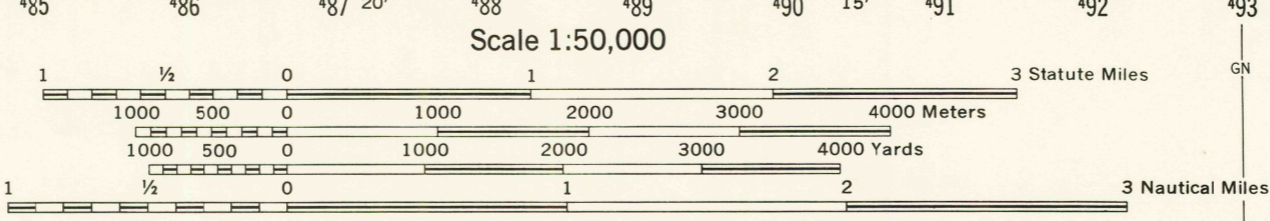


Q701  
Edition 1-AMS (First Printing, 2-62)

Prepared by the Army Map Service (BVMR), Corps of Engineers, U. S. Army, Washington, D. C. Compiled in 1958 by photogrammetric methods. Coastal hydrography compiled from USC&GS Chart 3473, 1956. Horizontal and vertical control by USC&GS and 66th Engr Bn (Base Topo). Photography partially field annotated 1955.

LEGEND

ROADS	RAILROADS
Hard surface, heavy duty, four or more lanes wide	Standard gauge (4'8 1/2")
Hard surface, heavy duty, two lanes wide; Three lanes wide	Narrow gauge (3')
Hard surface, medium duty, four or more lanes wide	In street
Hard surface, medium duty, two lanes wide; Three lanes wide	Horizontal control point
Improved, light duty	Bench mark, non-monumented
Unimproved dirt	Spot elevations in feet: Checked, Unchecked
Trail	Woods-brushwood; Scrub
BOUNDARIES	Glacier
National	Swamp or marsh
Reservation	Large rapids; Large falls
Buildings	Soundings in fathoms
School; Church	Depth curves in fathoms
Mines: Vertical shaft; Horizontal shaft; Open pit	Foreshore flat
Prospect	Rocks: Bare or awash; Sunken
Disturbed surface; Mine tailings	Limit of danger; Reef



Scale 1:50,000  
CONTOUR INTERVAL 50 FEET  
WITH SUPPLEMENTARY CONTOURS AT 25 FOOT INTERVALS  
VERTICAL DATUM: APPROXIMATE MEAN SEA LEVEL  
TRANSVERSE MERCATOR PROJECTION  
HORIZONTAL DATUM: 1927 NORTH AMERICAN DATUM  
HYDROGRAPHIC DATUM: SOUNDINGS IN FATHOMS REFERRED TO MEAN LOWER LOW WATER  
BLACK NUMBERED LINES INDICATE THE 1,000 METER UNIVERSAL TRANSVERSE MERCATOR GRID, ZONE 6  
THE LAST THREE DIGITS OF THE GRID NUMBERS ARE OMITTED  
USERS NOTING ERRORS OR OMISSIONS ON THIS MAP ARE URGED TO MARK HEREON AND FORWARD DIRECTLY TO COMMANDING OFFICER, ARMY MAP SERVICE, WASHINGTON, D. C. MAPS SO FORWARDED WILL BE RETURNED OR REPLACED IF DESIRED.

GRID ZONE DESIGNATION: 6W  
100,000 M. SQUARE IDENTIFICATION: VN 91 2  
78 8

TO GIVE A STANDARD REFERENCE ON THIS SHEET TO NEAREST 100 METERS  
SAMPLE POINT: VABM 31

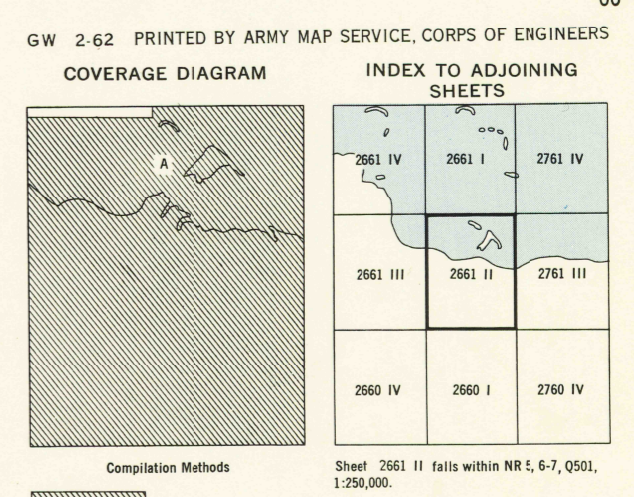
1. Read letters identifying 100,000 meter square in which the point lies.	2. Locate first VERTICAL grid line to LEFT of point and read LARGE figures labeling the line either in the top or bottom margin, or on the line itself.	3. Estimate tenths from grid line to point.
4. Read letters identifying 100,000 meter square in which the point lies.	5. Locate first HORIZONTAL grid line BELOW point and read LARGE figures labeling the line either in the left or right margin, or on the line itself.	6. Estimate tenths from grid line to point.

TO CONVERT A MAGNETIC AZIMUTH TO A GRID AZIMUTH  
ADD G-M ANGLE

TO CONVERT A GRID AZIMUTH TO A MAGNETIC AZIMUTH  
SUBTRACT G-M ANGLE

G-M ANGLE 0°17' (5 MILS) FOR CENTER OF SHEET

1°=60' (17.77 MILS)  
1960 ANNUAL MAGNETIC CHANGE IS NEGLIGIBLE



GW 2-62 PRINTED BY ARMY MAP SERVICE, CORPS OF ENGINEERS  
COVERED DIAGRAM  
INDEX TO ADJOINING SHEETS

Compilation Methods  
Photo-stereo  
Map  
A. USC&GS Chart 3473, 1956. (reliability good).  
Aerial photography: July, 1955.

Sheet 2661 II falls within NR 1, 6-7, 0001, 1:250,000.

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OCT 4 1962  
MAP INFORMATION CENTER