

LEGEND ROAD DATA 1960

In developed areas, only through roads are classified

Hard surface, heavy duty road, four or more lanes wide Hard surface, heavy duty road: Two lanes wide; Three lanes wide Hard surface, medium duty road, four or more lanes wide Hard surface, medium duty road: Two lanes wide; Three lanes wide	4 LANES 6 LANES 3 LANES 4 LANES 6 LANES 3 LANES	Improved light duty road, street Unimproved dirt road Trail Route markers: Federal; State	
Buildings		Barns, sheds, greenhouses, stadiums, etc.	
RAILROADS Single	track Multiple track	Bench mark, monumented	BM×792
Standard gauge Single		Bench mark, non-monumented	×431
Narrow gauge		Spot elevations in feet: Checked; Unchecked	
In street		Light, lighthouse; Windmill, wind pump; Water mill	
Car line ++++	-+-+ +++++++		[]
BOUNDARIES		Woods or brushwood	
National		Vineyard; Orchard	00000
State (with monument)		Intermittent lake	
County			
County subdivision		Intermittent stream; Dam	
Corporate limits		Marsh or swamp	Falls
Military reservation	MIL RES	Rapids; Falls	H Thank
Other reservation		Large rapids; Large falls	Rapids Augurt

SERIES V844 SHEET 3846 I SE EDITION 3-AMS

HORIŻONTAL DATUM: 19 BLACK NUMBERED LINES INDICATE T	RCATOR PROJECTIO 927 NORTH AMERICAN DATUM THE 1,000 METER UNIVERSAL TR R GRID, ZONE 16		그 방법은 정말 가지 않는 것이 없는 것이 없다.	GRID NORTH	
	THE GRID NUMBERS ARE OMITTED			G-M ANGLE 2°00' (35 MILS)	A. Dale County B. Houston County
FK IGNORE the SMALLER figures of any grid number; these are for finding the full coordinates. Use ONLY the	TO GIVE A STANDARD REFERENCE THIS SHEET TO NEAREST 100 MET PLE POINT: PINCKARD HIGH SCHOOL ad letters identifying 100,000 meter uare in which the point lies: cate first VERTICAL grid line to LEFT of int and read LARGE figures labeling the the line itself: timate tenths from grid line to point: scate first HORIZONTAL grid line BELOW int and read LARGE figures labeling the te either in the left or right margin, or the line itself: timate tenths from grid line to point: PLE REFERENCE:			TO CONVERT A MAGNETIC AZIMUTH TO A GRID AZIMUTH <u>ADD</u> G-M ANGLE OF TO CONVERT A GRID AZIMUTH TO A MAGNETIC AZIMUTH SUBTRACT G-M ANGLE	
example: 3458000	reporting beyond 18° in any direction,	16RFK387648	1°=60′ (17.77 MILS)	1960 ANNUAL MAGNETIC CHANGE IS NEGLIGIBLE	P

3846 II NW 3846 II NE 3946 III NW

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MAR INFORMATION OFFICE

Sheet 3846 I SE falls within NH 16-3, V501, 1:250,000

PINCKARD, ALABAMA