

V501, EDITION 3
 Prepared by the U.S. Army Topographic Command (AJE), Washington, D.C. Compiled in 1954 by photogrammetric methods from aerial photographs taken 1952. Photographs field annotated 1953. Revised by the U.S. Geological Survey 1970.
 Location of geodetic control established by government agencies is shown on corresponding 1:250,000-scale Geodetic Control Diagram

LEGEND

Figures in red denote approximate distances in miles between stars

POPULATED PLACES

Over 500,000
 100,000 to 500,000
 25,000 to 100,000
 5,000 to 25,000
 1,000 to 5,000
 Less than 1,000

ROADS

Primary, all-weather, hard surface
 Secondary, all-weather, hard surface
 Light-duty, all-weather, hard or improved surface
 Fair or dry weather, unimproved surface
 Trail
 Interchange
 Fishkill

RAILROADS

Standard gauge
 Single track
 Double or Multiple track
 Narrow gauge
 International
 State
 County
 Park or reservation

BOUNDARIES

International
 State
 County
 Township or Range Line
 Land Grant Boundary

Other Features

Route markers: Interstate, U.S., State
 Mine
 Landmark: School, Church, Other
 Spot elevation in feet
 Marsh or swamp
 Intermittent or dry stream
 Power line

Scale 1:250,000

0 5 10 15 20 25 30 Statute Miles

0 5 10 15 20 25 30 Kilometers

0 5 10 15 20 25 30 Nautical Miles

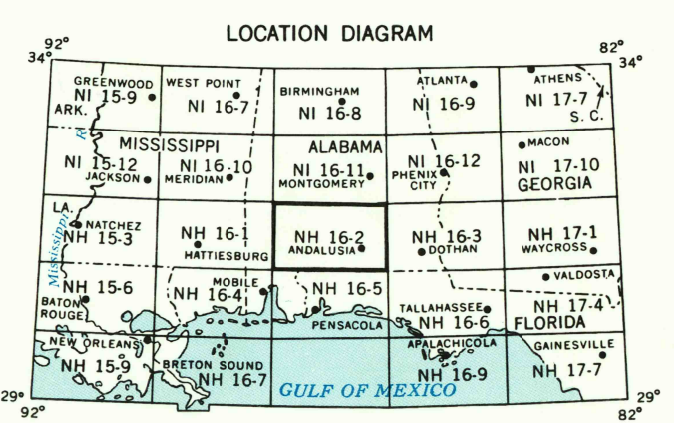
CONTOUR INTERVAL 50 FEET

TRANSVERSE MERCATOR PROJECTION

BLACK NUMBERED LINES INDICATE THE 10,000 METER UNIVERSAL TRANSVERSE MERCATOR GRID, ZONE 16

1970 MAGNETIC DECLINATION FROM TRUE NORTH VARIES FROM 3°30' (60 MILES) EASTERLY FOR THE CENTER OF THE WEST EDGE TO 2° (40 MILES) EASTERLY FOR THE CENTER OF THE EAST EDGE

FOR SALE BY U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, WASHINGTON, D.C. 20242



SECTIONIZED TOWNSHIP

6	5	4	3	2	1
7	8	9	10	11	12
18	17	16	15	14	13
19	20	21	22	23	24
30	29	28	27	26	25
31	32	33	34	35	36

TO ONE A STANDARD REFERENCE ON THIS SHEET TO NEAREST 100 METERS

1. Read letters identifying 100,000 meter square in which the point lies.

2. Locate first VERTICAL and line to LEFT of point and read LARGE figure labeling the line either in the top or bottom margin or on the line itself.

3. Estimate tenths from top and line to point.

4. Locate first HORIZONTAL and grid line BELOW point and read LARGE figure labeling the line either in the left or right margin, or on the line itself.

5. Estimate tenths from grid line to point.

6. Add figures.

7. Only the LARGER figure of the grid number, example 3430000

8. If reading beyond 10' in any direction, prefix Grid Zone Designation as follows: 16R

ANDALUSIA, ALABAMA

1953
 REVISED 1970

U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, WASHINGTON, D.C. 20242

STOCK NO. V501NH162**03