



Maped by the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey
Edited and published by the Geological Survey
Control by USC&GS, USCE, and Florida Geodetic Survey
Planimetry by photogrammetric methods from aerial photographs
taken 1942 and 1945. Topography by planetable surveys by Florida
Geodetic Survey 1936. Revised and supplemented by planetable surveys
by U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey 1945. Field checked 1962
Selected hydrographic data compiled from USC&GS Charts 547, 847 and
848 (1962). This information is not intended for navigational purposes
Polyconic projection. 1927 North American datum
10,000-foot grid based on Florida coordinate system, east zone
1000-meter Universal Transverse Mercator grid ticks,
zone 17, shown in blue
Red tint indicates areas in which only landmark buildings are shown
Where omitted, land lines have not been established or
are not shown because of insufficient data

Revisions shown in purple compiled by the Geological
Survey in cooperation with State of Florida
agencies from aerial photographs taken 1969.
This information not field checked.
Purple tint indicates extension of urban areas

SCALE 1:24,000
CONTOUR INTERVAL 5 FEET
DATUM IS MEAN SEA LEVEL
DEPTH CURVES AND SOUNDINGS IN FEET-DATUM IS MEAN LOW WATER
SHORELINE SHOWN REPRESENTS THE APPROXIMATE LINE OF MEAN HIGH WATER
THE MEAN RANGE OF TIDE IS APPROXIMATELY 2 FEET IN BISCAYNE BAY
AND 2.5 FEET IN THE ATLANTIC OCEAN

USGS
Historical File
Topographic Division

U.S.G.S.
FILE COPY
TOPOGRAPHIC DIVISION

ROAD CLASSIFICATION
Heavy-duty ——— Light-duty ———
Medium-duty ——— Unimproved dirt ———
Interstate Route U.S. Route State Route
MIAMI, FLA.
N2545—W8007.5/7.5.
1962
PHOTOREVISED 1969
AMS 4935 I SW—SERIES 8H47